

# Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

PHYSICS 0625/21

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

May/June 2020

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- Take the weight of 1.0 kg to be 10 N (acceleration of free fall = 10 m/s²).

### **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.

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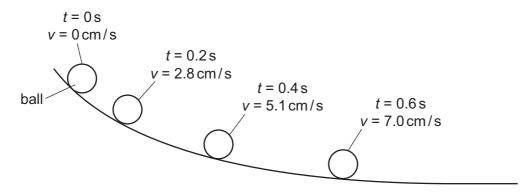
1 A pendulum makes 50 complete swings in 2 min 40 s.

What is the time period for 1 complete swing?

- **A** 1.6 s
- **B** 3.2s
- **C** 4.8s
- **D** 6.4 s

**2** A student investigates the motion of a ball rolling down a slope.

The diagram shows the speed v of the ball at different times t.



Which statement describes the motion of the ball?

- A The acceleration is not constant.
- **B** The acceleration is negative.
- **C** The speed is decreasing.
- **D** The velocity is constant.
- **3** Which statement about acceleration is correct?
  - **A** It is related to the changing speed of an object.
  - **B** It is the distance an object travels in one second.
  - **C** It is the force acting on an object divided by the distance it travels in one second.
  - **D** It is the force acting on an object when it is near to the Earth.
- 4 Which statement correctly describes the effects of placing a heavy load in a car?
  - **A** It is easier to accelerate the car and easier to bring the car to rest.
  - **B** It is easier to accelerate the car but more difficult to bring the car to rest.
  - **C** It is more difficult to accelerate the car and more difficult to bring the car to rest.
  - **D** It is more difficult to accelerate the car but easier to bring the car to rest.

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**5** A mass of 6.0 kg rests on the surface of a planet.

On this planet, g = 20 N/kg.

What is the weight of the object?

- **A** 0.30 N
- **B** 0.60 N
- **C** 60 N
- **D** 120 N

6 The mass of a measuring cylinder is 190 g.

400 cm<sup>3</sup> of liquid is put into the measuring cylinder.

The total mass of the measuring cylinder and the liquid is 560 g.

Four solid objects are lowered in turn into the liquid. The densities of the objects are shown.

- 1  $0.40\,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$
- $2 \quad 0.90 \, \text{g/cm}^3$
- $3 1.2 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$
- 4 2.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

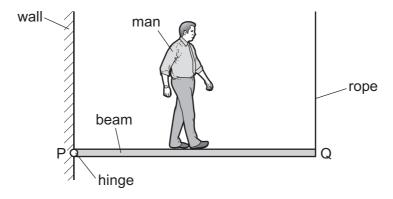
Which objects will float in the liquid?

- A 1 only
- **B** 1 and 2 only
- **C** 1, 2 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4 only

**7** The diagram shows a wooden beam PQ, of negligible weight, which is attached to a wall by a hinge at P and kept in a horizontal position by a vertical rope attached at Q.

The beam is 3.0 m in length.

A man of weight 800 N walks along the beam from P to Q.



What is the distance of the man from P when the tension in the rope at Q becomes equal to 500 N?

- **A** 0.53 m
- **B** 1.1 m
- **C** 1.9 m
- **D** 2.5 m



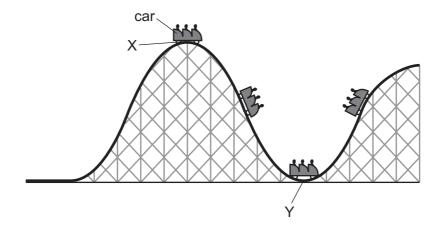
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- 8 Which quantity is a vector?
  - A acceleration
  - **B** distance
  - C speed
  - **D** mass
- **9** An object of mass 1.2 kg is moving with a velocity of 2.0 m/s when it is acted on by a force of 4.0 N. The velocity of the object increases to 5.0 m/s.

For what period of time does the force act on the object?

- **A** 0.90s
- **B** 1.1s
- **C** 1.5s
- **D** 3.6 s
- 10 The diagram shows part of a rollercoaster ride with the car at different positions.

The car runs freely down from position X to position Y and up the hill on the other side.

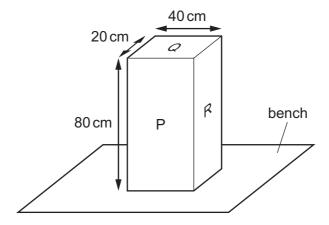


What happens to the kinetic energy and to the gravitational potential energy of the car as it moves from position X to position Y?

	kinetic energy	gravitational potential energy
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

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- 11 Which energy resource does **not** have the Sun as the original source?
  - A coal
  - **B** geothermal
  - C hydroelectric
  - **D** wind
- 12 The diagram shows a solid block resting on a bench. The dimensions of the block are shown.



On which labelled surface should the block rest to produce the smallest pressure on the bench?

- **A** P
- **B** Q
- **C** R
- **D** P, Q and R produce the same pressure
- 13 The pressure due to the liquid on an object immersed in that liquid is 4500 Pa.

The density of the liquid is 900 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

What is the depth of the object below the surface of the liquid?

- **A** 0.5 cm
- **B** 2.0 cm
- **C** 50 cm
- **D** 200 cm

**14** A gas is heated in a sealed container.

The volume of the container does not change.

What happens to the molecules of the gas?

- A The average distance between molecules increases.
- **B** The average kinetic energy of the molecules increases.
- C The mass of each molecule increases.
- **D** The volume of each molecule increases.

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**15** Water in a beaker evaporates when left on a bench for a period of time.

Which three factors all affect the rate of evaporation of the water?

- A wind speed, surface area, temperature
- **B** wind speed, temperature, volume
- **C** wind speed, surface area, volume
- D surface area, temperature, volume
- **16** A solid is heated causing it to expand.

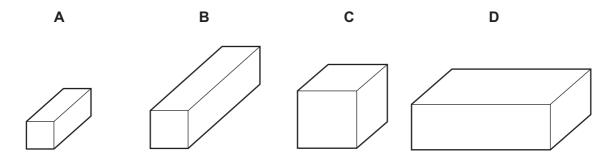
What effect does this have on its mass and on its density?

	mass	density	
Α	decreases	decreases	
В	decreases	stays constant	
С	stays constant	decreases	
D	stays constant	stays constant	

17 The diagrams show four blocks of steel. The blocks are all drawn to the same scale.

The same quantity of thermal energy is given to each block.

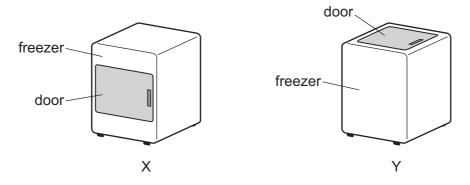
Which block shows the greatest rise in temperature?



- 18 Why are metals better thermal conductors than other solids?
  - **A** Metals contain free electrons which help transfer the energy.
  - **B** Molecules in metals are in fixed positions.
  - **C** Molecules in metals can move freely.
  - **D** Molecules in metals vibrate faster than those in other solids.

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**19** Two freezers X and Y are identical except that one has a door opening at the front and the other has a door opening at the top.



Both doors are the same size and are opened for the same amount of time.

Which freezer gains the least amount of thermal energy in this time and why?

	freezer gaining the least thermal energy	reason
Α	X	cold air falls
В	X	warm air falls
С	Y	cold air falls
D	Υ	warm air falls

20 A wave of frequency 6600 Hz travels 1320 m in 4.0 s.

What is the wavelength?

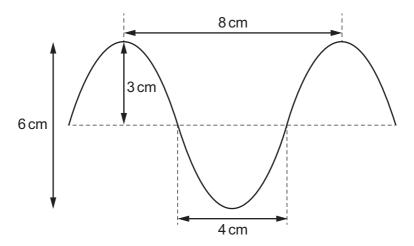
**A** 0.050 m **B** 0.80 m

**C** 1.3 m

**D** 20 m



## 21 The diagram shows a wave.



What are the amplitude and the wavelength of this wave?

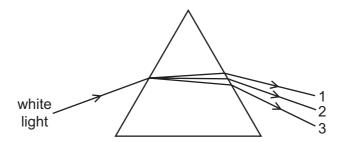
	amplitude/cm	wavelength/cm
Α	3	4
В	3	8
С	6	4
D	6	8

## 22 Which statement is correct?

- **A** The speed of light in glass is equal to the speed of light in a vacuum multiplied by the refractive index of glass.
- **B** The incident angle of a light ray at an air-glass surface is the angle between the ray and the glass surface.
- **C** The sine of the critical angle at an air-glass surface is equal to  $\frac{1}{\text{refractive index of glass}}$ .
- **D** The angle of refraction for light passing through an air-glass surface is proportional to the angle of incidence at that surface.

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23 A narrow beam of white light passes through a prism and is dispersed into a spectrum.



Which row is correct?

	colour 1	colour 2	colour 3
A	blue	yellow	red
В	red	blue	yellow
С	red	yellow	blue
D	yellow	blue	red

**24** An intruder alarm sensor detects that a person is warmer than his surroundings.

Which type of electromagnetic wave does the sensor detect?

- **A** infrared
- **B** radio
- C ultraviolet
- **D** visible light

**25** Sound travels through air as a series of compressions and rarefactions.

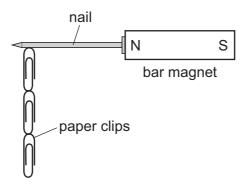
Which statement correctly compares a compression with a rarefaction?

- **A** In a compression the wavelength is longer than in a rarefaction.
- **B** In a compression the wavelength is shorter than in a rarefaction.
- **C** In a compression the density of the air is greater than in a rarefaction.
- **D** In a compression the density of the air is lower than in a rarefaction.

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26 Four nails A, B, C and D are tested to find which makes the strongest permanent magnet.

One of the nails is placed against a bar magnet and the number of paper clips which the nail can support is recorded.

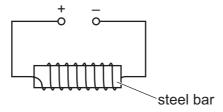


The bar magnet is then removed and the number of paper clips remaining attached to the nail is recorded. Each nail is tested individually.

Which nail becomes the strongest permanent magnet?

	number of paper clips attached to the nail	
	bar magnet present bar magnet rem	
Α	2	0
В	2	1
С	4	3
D	5	2

**27** The circuit shows one method of magnetising a steel bar.



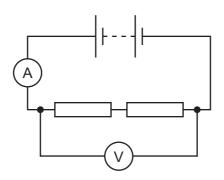
How can the circuit be altered so that it can be used to demagnetise the magnetised steel bar?

- A remove the steel bar from the coil whilst the current is switched on
- **B** replace the d.c. supply with an a.c. supply and gradually reduce the supply voltage to zero
- **C** reverse the polarity of the d.c. supply
- **D** reverse the polarity of the d.c. supply and gradually reduce the supply voltage to zero

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28 A student uses the circuit shown to determine the resistance of two identical resistors.



The voltmeter reading is 2.2 V and the ammeter reading is 0.25 A.

What is the resistance of each resistor?

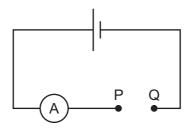
- **A**  $0.275\Omega$
- **B**  $0.55\Omega$
- C  $4.4\,\Omega$
- 0.88

29 An electric fire is connected to a 240 V supply and transfers energy at a rate of 1.0 kW.

How much charge passes through the fire in 1.0 h?

- **A** 42 C
- 250 C В
- **C**  $1.5 \times 10^4$  C **D**  $2.4 \times 10^5$  C

30 The diagram shows an incomplete circuit. The temperature and light levels around the circuit remain unchanged.

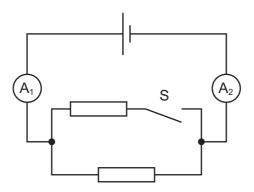


Four electrical components are connected in turn across PQ. The cell is reversed and the four electrical components are connected again in turn across PQ.

For which component is there a significant change in the magnitude of the current?

- diode
- В light-dependent resistor
- C resistor
- thermistor

 $\textbf{31} \quad \text{In the circuit shown, } A_1 \text{ and } A_2 \text{ are ammeters.}$ 



Switch S is closed.

Which row is correct?

	the resistance of the whole circuit	reading of A <sub>1</sub>	reading of A <sub>2</sub>
Α	decreases	stays the same	increases
В	decreases	increases	increases
С	increases	stays the same	stays the same
D	increases	decreases	decreases

32 Which symbol represents an OR gate?



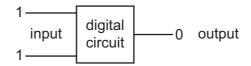




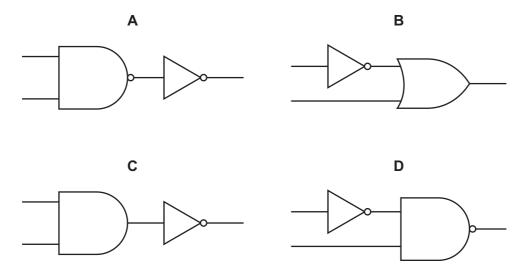


33 A digital circuit consists of two logic gates.

When the input to the circuit is 1 and 1, the output is 0.

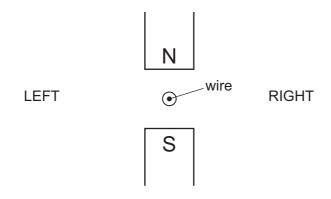


Which combination of logic gates gives this result?



**34** The diagram shows a wire between the poles of a magnet.

The wire is perpendicular to the page.



The wire is moved and a current is induced upwards, out of the paper.

In which direction is the wire moved?

- A left to right
- B right to left
- **C** up the page
- D down the page

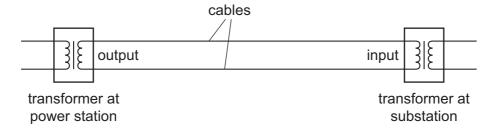
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35 A 100% efficient transformer converts a 240 V input voltage to a 12 V output voltage. The output power of the transformer can be a maximum of 20 W.

The output is connected to two 0.30 A bulbs in parallel. One of the bulbs fails.

How does the current in the primary coil change?

- **A** It decreases by 0.30 A.
- **B** It decreases by 0.015 A.
- **C** It increases by 0.15 A.
- **D** It remains unchanged.
- **36** Cables transmit electrical power from the output of the transformer at a power station to the input of the transformer at a substation.



The power at the output of the transformer at the power station is 400 MW.

Which situation delivers the most power to the input of the transformer at the substation?

	potential difference at power station transformer output/kV	diameter of cables
Α	200	large
В	200	small
С	400	large
D	400	small

37 Uranium-235 is a radioactive isotope. It undergoes a chain of decays and eventually forms the stable isotope lead-207. These two isotopes are represented as shown.

During this chain of decay, how many protons and how many neutrons are lost from a single nucleus of uranium-235 to form a single nucleus of lead-207?

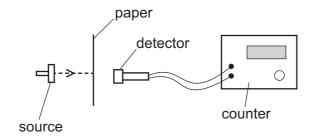
	protons	neutrons
Α	10	18
В	10	28
С	18	10
D	28	10

38 A radioactive material has a half-life of 20 days.

A sample of the material contains  $8.0 \times 10^{10}$  atoms.

How many atomic nuclei have decayed after 60 days?

- **A**  $1.0 \times 10^{10}$
- **B**  $4.0 \times 10^{10}$  **C**  $6.0 \times 10^{10}$  **D**  $7.0 \times 10^{10}$
- 39 A thin sheet of paper is placed between a radioactive source and a radiation detector. The count rate falls to a very low reading.



From this result, which type of radiation is the source emitting?

- α-particles
- β-particles В
- C γ-rays
- X-rays

**40**  $\alpha$ -particles,  $\beta$ -particles and  $\gamma$ -rays are emitted by radioactive nuclei when they decay.

Which emissions can be deflected by an electric field?

- $\alpha$ -particles and  $\beta$ -particles only
- В β-particles and γ-rays only
- C  $\gamma$ -rays and  $\alpha$ -particles only
- $\alpha$ -particles, β-particles and  $\gamma$ -rays D

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